

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 March 2020 Version : 14.07

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : HP EPOXY PRIMER

Product code : 1.855.9900/E1

Other means of identification

Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications.

Use of the substance/ : Coating.

mixture

Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Industries (UK) Ltd. Needham Road, Stowmarket, Suffolk, IP14 2AD, UK Tel: +44 (0) 1449 773 338 PPG Industries Italia S.r.l., Via Comasina, 121, 20161 Milano, Italy Tel: +39 02 6404.1

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: PSRefEMEA@ppg.com

National contact

PPG Industries (UK) Ltd. - Max Meyer Division
Customer Services and Sales Group, Needham Road, Stowmarket, Suffolk, IP14 2AD
Tel: +44 (0) 1449 771779 Fax: +44 (0) 1449 771603

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

- Company emergency telephone number: +44 (0) 1449 773 338 (0900-1600)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317

Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)

STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking. Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF

ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal : Not applicable.

P280, P210, P261, P304 + P340, P303 + P361 + P353, P305 + P351 + P338, P403,

P235

Hazardous ingredients: #-methylpentan-2-one

epoxy resin (700 < MW < 1100) Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

toluene

Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine

Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and : Not applicable.

articles

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria

for PBT or vPvB

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % by weight | | 1 |
|---|---|---------------|---|---------|
| | | 70 Dy Weigill | Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] | Type |
| ≰ -methylpentan-2-one | REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 EUH066 | [1] [2] |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 | ≥10 - ≤24 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, | [1] |
| epoxy resin (700 < MW < 1100) | Index: 030-011-00-6 EC: Polymer CAS: 25068-38-6 | ≥10 - ≤25 | H410 (M=1) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 | [1] |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 64742-95-6 | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066 | [1] |
| xylene | REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | [1] [2] |
| toluene | REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child) STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 | [1] [2] |
| 2-butoxyethanol | REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0 | ≥1.0 - ≤3.4 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | [1] [2] |
| ethylbenzene | REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 | ≥0.30 - ≤2.8 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | [1] [2] |
| zinc oxide | REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7 | ≤0.63 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) | [1] |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine | | ≤0.30 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (gastrointestinal tract, immune system, liver) | [1] |

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine | REACH #: 01-2119974148-28 EC: 288-315-1 CAS: 85711-55-3 | ≤0.30 | (oral) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (gastrointestinal tract) (oral) | [1] |
|--|---|-------|---|-----|
| | | | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Xylene: Several REACH registrations cover the REACH registered substance with xylene isomers, ethylbenzene (and toluene). The other REACH Registrations include: 01-2119555267-33 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene, 01-2119486136-34 Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8, 01-2119539452-40 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene.

Type

Ingestion

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

| Eye contact | ÷ | Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the | |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| | | evelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. | |

Inhalation
 : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. **Inhalation** : May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

English (GB)

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|-------------------------|---|
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 416 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 208 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| xylene | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| toluene | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 191 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| 2-butoxyethanol | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed |

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ethylbenzene

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

through skin.
STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs

| Product/ingredient name | Туре | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|-----------------------------|------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------|
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | DNEL | Long term Oral | 4.2 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 4.2 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 11.8 mg/kg bw/ day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 14.7 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 14.7 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 83 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 83 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 155.2 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 155.2 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 208 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 208 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.83 mg/kg bw/ day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 2.5 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 5 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 83 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 83 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 150 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 25 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 32 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 11 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 11 mg/kg bw/day | General | Systemic |

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| <u> </u> | • | • | | | |
|-----------------|-------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| vylono | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m³ | population General | Systemic |
| xylene | DINEL | Short term inhalation | 260 mg/m ⁻ | population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 125 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 65.3 mg/m³ | General | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 12.5 mg/kg bw/ day | population General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 221 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 442 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 221 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 442 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 212 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| toluene | DNEL | Long term Oral | 8.13 mg/kg bw/ | General | Systemic |
| | | | day | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 56.5 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 56.5 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 192 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 192 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 226 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 226 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 226 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 384 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 384 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 384 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| 2-butoxyethanol | DNEL | Long term Oral | 6.3 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 26.7 mg/kg bw/ day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 59 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 75 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 89 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 89 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 98 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 125 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 147 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 246 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 426 mg/m³ | General | Systemic |
| | | | 120 1119/111 | population | Cyclonic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 1091 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| ethylbenzene | DNEL | Long term Oral | 1.6 mg/kg bw/day | General | Systemic |
| | | |] 3. 3 | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 15 mg/m³ | General | Systemic |
| | DV.E. | Law at Aamoo To U.S. C | 77 | population | 0 |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 77 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 180 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 293 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| <u> </u> | • | • | | • | |

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| zinc oxide | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.5 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
|-------------------------------------|------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.83 mg/kg bw/ | General | Systemic |
| | | | day | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 2.5 mg/m ³ | General | Systemic |
| | | | | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 5 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 83 mg/kg bw/day | General | Systemic |
| | | | | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 83 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.012 mg/kg bw/ | General | Systemic |
| oleylamine | | | day | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.012 mg/kg bw/ | General | Systemic |
| | | _ | day | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.024 mg/kg bw/ | Workers | Systemic |
| | | | day | | |
| | | | | | |

PNECs

| Product/ingredient name | Type | Compartment Detail | Value | Method Detail |
|-----------------------------|------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | - | Fresh water | 0.6 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| • . | - | Marine water | 0.06 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Sewage Treatment | 27.5 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | | Plant | | |
| | - | Fresh water sediment | 8.27 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | - | Marine water sediment | 0.83 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | - | Soil | 1.3 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | - | Fresh water | 20.6 μg/l | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | - | Marine water | 6.1 µg/l | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | - | Sewage Treatment | 100 μg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | | Plant | | |
| | - | Fresh water sediment | 117.8 mg/kg dwt | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | - | Marine water sediment | 56.5 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | - | Soil | 35.6 mg/kg dwt | Sensitivity Distribution |
| xylene | - | Fresh water | 0.327 mg/l | - |
| | - | Marine water | 0.327 mg/l | - |
| | - | Sewage Treatment | 6.58 mg/l | - |
| | | Plant | | |
| | - | Fresh water sediment | 12.46 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | - | Marine water sediment | 12.46 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | - | Soil | 2.31 mg/kg | <u>-</u> |
| toluene | - | Fresh water | 0.68 mg/l | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | - | Marine water | 0.68 mg/l | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | - | Sewage Treatment Plant | 13.61 mg/l | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | - | Fresh water sediment | 16.39 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | - | Marine water sediment | 16.39 mg/kg dwt | - |
| 2-butoxyethanol | - | Fresh water | 8.8 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| , | - | Marine water | 0.88 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Fresh water sediment | 34.6 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | - | Marine water sediment | 3.46 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | - | Soil | 3.13 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | - | Sewage Treatment | 463 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | | Plant | _ | |
| ethylbenzene | - | Fresh water | 0.1 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Marine water | 0.01 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Sewage Treatment Plant | 9.6 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | _ | Fresh water sediment | 13.7 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | 1_ | Marine water sediment | 1.37 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | 1 | Maine water scument | 1.57 Hig/kg dwt | LAGINDHUIH F ALLIGHING |

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| • | • | • | | |
|------------|---|-----------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| | - | Soil | 2.68 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | - | Secondary Poisoning | 20 mg/kg | - |
| zinc oxide | - | Fresh water | 20.6 µg/l | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | - | Marine water | 6.1 µg/l | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | - | Fresh water sediment | 117 mg/kg dwt | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | - | Sewage Treatment | 52 μg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | | Plant | | |
| | - | Marine water sediment | 56.5 mg/kg dwt | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Soil | 35.6 mg/kg dwt | Sensitivity Distribution |

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection **Skin protection Hand protection**

: Chemical splash goggles. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Gloves

: butyl rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Use with adequate ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Mask type: fullface mask half-face mask Filter type: organic vapour filter (Type A) particulate filter P3 Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Environmental exposure

controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Colour : Colourless. : Characteristic. Odour Not available. **Odour threshold** pН : insoluble in water.

Melting point/freezing point

: May start to solidify at the following temperature: -43.77°C (-46.8°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene. Weighted average: -82.28°C (-116.1°F)

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C

: Closed cup: 4°C Flash point

Highest known value: 2 (toluene) Weighted average: 1.39compared with butyl **Evaporation rate**

acetate

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: liquid Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum),

light aromatic)

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 3.1 kPa (23.2 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (toluene). Weighted

average: 1.48 kPa (11.1 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

: Highest known value: 4.1 (Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted Vapour density

average: 3.56 (Air = 1)

Relative density : 1.39

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not applicable.

water

: Lowest known value: 230°C (446°F) (2-butoxyethanol). **Auto-ignition temperature**

Decomposition temperature : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

: Kinematic (40°C): >0.21 cm²/s **Viscosity**

Viscosity : 40 - <60 s (ISO 6mm)

The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of **Explosive properties**

vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/

oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|---------------------------|------------|-------------------------|----------|
| ¼ -methylpentan-2-one | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 12.3 mg/l | 4 hours |
| , | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2.08 g/kg | - |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and | Rat | >5.7 mg/l | 4 hours |
| , , , | mists | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| epoxy resin (700 < MW < 1100) | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| , | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >3160 mg/kg | - |
| • | LD50 Oral | Rat - | 3492 mg/kg | - |
| | | Female | | |
| xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >1.7 g/kg | - |
| • | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| toluene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 49 g/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 8.39 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5580 mg/kg | - |
| 2-butoxyethanol | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1060 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat - Male | 1480 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - |
| zinc oxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and | Rat | >5700 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | mists | | | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine | LD50 Oral | Rat | >1570 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity estimates

| English (GB) | United Kingdom (UK) | 13/21 |
|--------------|---------------------|-------|
| | | |

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Route | ATE value |
|-------|--|
| | 105809.51 mg/kg 13767.6 mg/kg 48.75 mg/l |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| xylene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |
| 2-butoxyethanol | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 4 hours | 28 days |
| | Eyes - Irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours | 21 days |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|--|
| 4-methylpentan-2-one Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation |
| xylene toluene | | | Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| toluene | Category 2 | Not determined | Not determined |
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | Not determined | hearing organs |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine | Category 2 | Oral | gastrointestinal tract, |
| | | | immune system and liver |
| Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine | Category 2 | Oral | gastrointestinal tract |

Aspiration hazard

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| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| toluene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains epoxy resin (700 < MW < 1100), Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine, Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| rizinc bis(orthophosphate) | Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l | Fish | 30 days |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | EC50 3.2 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | LC50 9.2 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 2-butoxyethanol | Acute LC50 1474 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC >100 mg/l | Fish | 21 days |
| ethylbenzene | Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Fresh water | | |
| zinc oxide | Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Fresh water | magna - Neonate | |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Fresh water | | |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|-----------------------------|------|--------------------------|------|----------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | - | 75 % - Readily - 28 days | - | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | - | - | Readily |
| xylene | - | - | Readily |
| toluene | - | - | Readily |
| 2-butoxyethanol | - | - | Readily |
| ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| ✓-methylpentan-2-one | 1.31 | - | low |
| xylene | 3.16 | 7.4 to 18.5 | low |
| toluene | 2.73 | 8.32 | low |
| 2-butoxyethanol | 0.81 | - | low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.15 | 79.43 | low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility

: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes. European waste catalogue (EWC)

| Waste code | Waste designation |
|------------|---|
| 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

| Type of packaging | European waste catalogue (EWC) | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| Container | 15 01 04 | metallic packaging |

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|--------------|---------------------|-------|
|--------------|---------------------|-------|

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|--|
| 14.1 UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group | = | II | II | II |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | (trizinc bis (orthophosphate), Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic) | Not applicable. |

Additional information

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L

or ≤5 kg.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L **ADN**

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation IATA

regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code : Not applicable.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

| Category | |
|-------------|--|
| P5c E2 | |
| | |

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225 | On basis of test data |
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | Calculation method |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | Calculation method |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | Calculation method |
| Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child) | Calculation method |
| STOT SE 3, H335 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | Calculation method |

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|--------------|---------------------|-------|
| | | |

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SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
|-------------|---|
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H361d | Suspected of damaging the unborn child. |
| H373 (oral) | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

| A OUTE TO WOLTH A DO A |
|---|
| ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 |
| SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Unborn child) - Category 2 |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 |
| SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED |
| EXPOSURE (oral) - Category 2 |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED |
| EXPOSURE - Category 2 |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE |
| (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE |
| (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| |

History

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SECTION 16: Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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